# Baseball Rule Book 2025



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#### **Introduction**

The following pages contain the rules for the Southwest Interleague.

Rules in this handbook are specific to this interleague any ruling made in a game that is not specified in detail in this handbook is covered under the Pony official rule book.

Each individual park district or organization is responsible for having umpires that are knowledgeable in **the Pony rule book**, as well as the interleague handbook.

This interleague will have an executive board that consists of a President, VP Baseball, VP Softball, and Treasurer. There will also be a governing body made up of board members from each organization. This board will meet monthly before, during, and after the season to handle matters of concern regarding this interleague. In the event of a protest the executive board will convene within 5 days of the incident to discuss and rule on the issue at hand.

All organizations involved in the interleague must have insurance and have an established home field for which games can be scheduled.

Rules will be outlined for each division of baseball. Any rules that are applicable to all levels will be spelled out in the special rules section.

#### Article 1

#### Town, Team and Player Guidelines

#### **Attendance**

Participation at meetings does not need to be a director, but someone that has been assigned by the town to have voting privileges.

#### **Town Guidelines**

If a town has shown that they are not following the below guidelines and rules, they will be reviewed by the executive board and could be placed on probation within SWI. The probation period will be based on the severity of the issues. Probation can result in fines up to \$500 or removal from SWI. Towns that have been place on probation must show the executive board their plan on how they will resolve the issue. All fines must be paid prior to the playoffs of the current year or the town will be removed from playoffs. Towns will not be allowed back into SWI until the issues have been resolved and all fines are paid.

#### Season

The SWI season runs from April through June. Official start and end dates for each level will be decided during the off-season.

#### **Team Rosters**

Each team is required to have a roster sheet turned in to the league President one week prior to the start of the season. Any team that does not have a fully completed roster turned in will lose each game played by a 7-0 score until their roster is turned in. Each roster can have a maximum of 15 players, unless exceptions are made to avoid a child being left without a place to play. Roster templates provided by the league will now include a section to indicate if any players on your roster is also playing travel ball or high school baseball. This needs to be disclosed on all rosters so that all leagues are made aware.

Each division hosting playoff organization will receive an altered roster. Example: BGFA is hosting 10U. BGFA will receive all 10U last name and jersey numbers from each team in the playoffs.

#### One League/One Roster

Players can still be called up when needed, but cannot be rostered on a softball and baseball team at the same time. In addition, they will not be allowed to move from baseball to softball or vice versus in a call up situation. Players cannot be rostered on multiple rosters / towns within SWI.

#### **Players Moving Towns**

Once a player is registered with an organization, that player may not move to a new organization without the authorization from both organizations involved. *I.e. if a player has signed to play with a town and then decides they do not like the team, they must receive approval from both towns before a move can occur.* 

If a player is deemed to have moved and proper authorization has not been received that player becomes ineligible and any games they played in will be counted as a forfeit.

#### **Player Recruitment**

Towns or coaches are discouraged from recruiting players on other SWI teams/towns. If a town or coach is found to have attempted to recruit a player(s) they will be subjected to disciplinary action by the SWI board, this can include suspension or removal from SWI.

#### **Birth Certificates**

Birth certificates should be turned into your park district/organization at time of registration, but are not required to be carried with the coach throughout the regular season.

#### **Travel Players**

Each team may roster a maximum of **two** travel players. A travel player is designated as a player that is rostered on a full time travel organization. *I.e. Oak Lawn Gems, Oak Lawn Lightning, IL Edge, etc.*If a team is found to be playing with more than two travel players the follow penalties will be administered.

- All games that the team played with the ineligible players will be counted as a forfeit.
- The manager and the ineligible players will be immediately removed from SWI and the manager will be banned from managing or coaching within SWI.
- The town will be put on probation by SWI and any another occurrence will result in a \$500 fine.

#### **High School Players**

High School Players are eligible to play at the Pony level if they meet the age requirement. There is no limit on players on a roster.

If a team is found to be playing with a high school player that is not confirmed on the roster, the team will face the below penalties:

- All games that the team played with the ineligible players will be counted as a forfeit.
- The manager and the ineligible players will be immediately removed from SWI and the manager will be banned from managing or coaching within SWI.
- The town will be put on probation by SWI and any another occurrence will result in a \$500 fine.

#### **Age Restrictions/Cut Off**

Baseball is April 30<sup>th</sup>

Players should play at their correct age. No child in baseball will be allowed to play below their age levels. This will be strictly enforced going forward.

#### **Protest of Player**

If a player's birthdate or eligibility is in question the manager protesting will advise both the opposing manager and the umpire. The game will be stopped briefly for the umpire to acknowledge the protest and sign the manager's scorebooks. The protesting manager will advise his league representative of the protest after the game and the representative will contact the VP of their division. (**process outlined later in this book**)

#### **Call-ups**

Players can be called up to avoid forfeits or when teams are short players. Call-ups must be from your own park district/organization within the SWI and must come from only one level below. If the town does not have a lower level to call up from then players can move laterally within your organization. During playoffs this can only be done in an emergency to avoid forfeit. Once playoffs start teams should be utilizing players from their original rosters in all games. The manger must notify the other manager of these call-ups before the game.

<u>Call-ups cannot pitch or catch and must be placed in the last spot in your batting order when being utilized.</u> Failure to follow these rules will result in the game being a forfeit.

#### Travel/High School Pitching

Travel players can pitch throughout the year and in playoffs. The following rule is for all travel players:

- Pinto/Mustang is 2 innings max combined
- Bronco/Pony 3 innings max

i.e. if you have two travel pitchers on your roster, they can pitch only 2 innings combined for Pinto/Mustang and 3 innings combined for Bronco/Pony

#### **High School Pitching - Pony Only**

Players that are in high school at the start of the season can pitch throughout the year and in playoffs.

• Pony Boys – High school players can only pitch a max of 3 innings per game. This is a combined limit for all high school players on the roster and travel players.

i.e. if you have three high school players and two travel players on a roster they can only pitch 3 innings combined.

#### Article 2

#### Umpiring and on Field Conduct

#### **Home Games & Certification**

Umpires are to be provided by the home team, regardless of the location of the game, unless previously discussed with the organization supplying the field, if not your regular home field. Each organization should conduct an umpire meeting prior to each season to go over the rule books and inform the umpires of any changes to the upcoming season.

Although there is no certification IHSA or Pony that is required by your umpires, it is encouraged.

#### **Scheduled Games Off Site**

If at any point you schedule a game at another facility other than the one specified as your home field, the home coach will be responsible for obtaining umpires and informing the opposing coach of the new location directly.

#### **Relative Restrictions**

Using an umpire that is directly related\* to a player or coach should always be avoided. We will make an exception for this only in extreme emergencies and it will need to be made public prior to the game being played.

an emergency example: to avoid not playing due to umpire no-show

\*special note: directly related is defined as brother, father, sister, mother, grandfather, grandmother, son or daughter.

#### **Sportsmanship Rule**

If a player, coach, manager or spectator is deemed by a director/umpire or league official to not show sportsmanship at all times, that person can be eligible to have disciplinary action taken against them. In addition to on the field actions. Any actions deemed as "cyber bullying" by the SWI can lead to disciplinary

review by the SWI. All actions will be handed down by the SWI President. Actions can range from single to multiple game suspensions to being ejected from the league. Directors found not in compliance of these actions can also be subjected to suspensions. Failure to abide by the action handed down can result in game forfeiture, loss of hosting ability or being withdrawn from the SWI interleague.

#### **In Game Behavior**

Once the game begins the umpire is in control. Calls made on the field can be discussed only by the manager but discretion must be used by the managers at all times. This is not negotiable.

Managers/coaches/players may be ejected from the game and/or field by the hosting organization for abusive behavior or language directed toward an umpire or opposing fan base.

In the event that a manager/coach/player is ejected the manager is required to inform their league director who will then contact the VP of their division to inform them of the issue. The officer will notify the manager of their next game to notate the suspended individuals.

If a manager/coach or player is ejected from a game, they are suspended from the next scheduled game, a second occurrence will result in removal from SWI. If the suspended individual does not abide by the suspension all games that they participate in will be deemed a forfeit.

#### **Smoking and Alcohol**

There is no smoking allowed on the field or in the dugout. Alcohol is never permitted on or near the field of play. This should be expressed to your fans as well.

#### **Fans and Parents**

The manager/coach is responsible for the conduct of his/her other coaches, players, and especially fans. Unruly fans will be asked to leave the park and the manager may be removed from the game as well, per the umpire's discretion.

#### **Chanting, Noisemakers and Walk-up Music**

Chanting, Noisemakers and Walk-up music shall be allowed at the discretion of the umpire. The activity should end once the batter enters the batter's box. Abuse of this will lead to a warning by the Umpire to the manager. If this occurs a second time, the manager will be ejected. In the event this occurs a third time it is at the umpires discretion to eject a coach or end the game.

#### **Player and Coach Ejections**

If the team does not have a player available (i.e. started with 9 now only have 8) to substitute in, the game will be forfeited.

In the event that a coach is removed and there is not another coach to manage the game a responsible parent may be substituted to finish the game. The coach will be required to leave the field entirely and the property if necessary.

#### Article 3

#### Filing of Protest and the Protest Committee

In the event that a manager wishes to file a protest before or during a game the process is as follows:

Before a game: inform the umpire of the nature of the protest. Have the umpire inform the other manager and make sure the umpire signs both score books acknowledging the protest and reason for it.

During the game: call time out. Request a home plate meeting with the umpire and opposing manager. Discuss

the nature of the protest and if said protest may be resolved on site. If not advise the umpire and opposing coach that a protest is being filed. Ask the umpire to sign both scorebooks acknowledging the protest and the reason for it and finish the game.

After the game: No protest can be filed once the game is completed.

Once you have filed an on field protest *email* your league director with the reason for the protest, who will notify the leagues disciplinary officer no later than next day. Protest received after next day will be deemed invalid and the score of the game will stand. At that point the board will have 5 days from the occurrence to determine the validity of the protest and the end result.

There will be a \$25 dollar protest fee assessed; all protests will not be heard by the SWI executive board until the fee is received. This expense will be incurred to the protesting coach. If the fee is not received within 5 days of the protest, it will be deemed invalid and the score of the game will stand. If the protest is upheld the \$25 will be returned. If the protest is deemed not valid or not upheld the \$25 will be applied to the league expense fund.

Special note: protest must be made at the time of the occurrence for which you are protesting.

Examples of Invalid Protests:

- 1.) Protesting at the end of the game is invalid, unless the protest is about a specific incident that ended the game.
- 2.) If you are playing a game under protest but fail to inform the umpire and opposing manager until the  $3^{rd}$  inning then the protest is invalid.
- 3.) Protesting something that occurred in the  $3^{rd}$  inning in the  $7^{th}$  inning is invalid.

#### **Responsible Party**

Only the manager or acting manager for that particular game can file a protest. Protest must be sent to the leagues VP Director directly from the league director. Protest cannot be made by another party representing your park/organization after the game is completed. No protest will be accepted directly from the manager, all protests must be received from the league director to the leagues VP Director. All others will be refused.

#### **Decision**

Once a ruling on the protest is made the decision is final. The resulting agreement of the protest will be enforced and no further protest(s) regarding that particular game can be made.

#### Article 4

#### Game and Field Rules

#### **Field Rules**

Each park has their own on field rules. *i.e.* tree branch is hanging over the fence if a ball hits this it is a dead ball. These rules must be stated to the visiting team prior to the start of the game.

#### **Start Times**

Start times are the discretion of the hosting towns, based on availability of lights and fields.

#### **Game Length**

All games will have a 2 hour time limit. No new inning can begin after the 1 hour 45 minutes. The current inning started will be finished unless the game reaches the 2 hour drop dead rule at which point the score reverts

back to the previous inning.

Note: Time limit overrides limited inning rule. Example: Pinto game is in the second inning and the time limit is reached, the game is considered an official game.

#### **Forfeit Times**

There will be a mandatory 15 minute forfeit time set for all organizations involved. The team must have enough players (8) start the game within the 15 minute forfeit timeframe.

Special circumstance: on Saturday games or on 5:45 starts (when there are no other games to follow that day), the forfeit time can be extended up to 30 minutes if both coaches and umpires agree. No exemption will be made after 30 minutes. At that point the game will be considered a forfeit.

#### **Interrupted Games**

Games that are interrupted for darkness, lightning/rain or time are covered under the following:

Games that have reached the specified inning will be considered complete games (*required innings played are shown on the next page*). The score at the end of the last completed inning will be the final score and should be turned in for recording purposes.

Example: Pinto team  $\underline{a}$  takes the lead in the top of the  $4^{th}$ , but then lightning starts to appear. The game will be called. If pinto team  $\underline{b}$  was leading after 3 innings then they are the game winners.

In the event that teams are tied due to a delay of game. They must come to an agreement within **72 hours** of the interrupted game on when the game will be completed. If no agreement can be reached the game will stay as a no contest and not be counted against the number of games required to keep the seeding in playoffs.

If a manager has attempted to reschedule a game and has not received a response from the other manger regarding an attempt to reschedule and can show that they have reached out, the game will be considered a forfeit and count in the standings as an 1-0 score

#### **Anti-Collision and Slide Rule**

Each organization should inform and enforce with their umpires the rules regarding sliding. SWI has an anti-collision rule at all levels. If in the opinion of the umpire, the runner makes no attempt to get around the fielder to avoid contact the play will be called dead and the runner will be called out due to interference.

#### **Offensive Conferences**

Managers/coaches are allowed to confer with their batters prior to the at bat and during play stoppages. Runners should be handled by the base coaches. Timeouts should not be used for offensive conferences only pitching and defense.

#### **Mound Visits**

Managers/coaches are allowed <u>one</u> charged visit per inning to address their pitchers and infield. These visits should be limited to 1 minute and time should start once the coach confirms the timeout. This must be enforced by the umpire diligently. <u>A second trip to the mound will result in the pitcher having to be replaced</u>.

#### **Warming Up Your Pitcher**

If a player is being utilized for warming up the pitcher while the catcher is getting his/her gear on that player must wear a face mask and helmet. The mask and helmet must be worn regardless of where the pitcher is warming up (i.e. mound, bullpen, behind the backstop or fence, etc.)

#### Warm Up Pitches In Between Innings and Infield Practice

Each new pitcher will be allowed 8 pitches if entering the game at the start of the inning or as a relief pitcher. The starting pitcher in the 1<sup>st</sup> inning will get 8 warm up pitches then 5 warm up pitches each inning after that.

#### **Intentional Walks**

In the event a pitcher/coach intends to walk a batter he needs only to inform the umpire by showing 4 fingers and motioning to 1<sup>st</sup> base. No pitches will need to be thrown and the player will take his/her base.

#### No Intentional Walk Can Be Given At Pinto

#### **Relief Pitchers**

Relief pitchers coming in mid inning should be allowed adequate time to get loose/warm (no less than 6 and no more than 8 pitches).

#### **Courtesy Runners**

Courtesy Runners are allowed for the pitcher and catcher only at any point in the game regardless of the number of the outs in the inning. Managers are encouraged to utilize this option to speed up the game along. The last batted out should be utilized as the runner.

#### **Hit Batsmen**

Unlimited

#### **Dead Ball**

A pitched ball that hits the ground and bounces up and hits the batter is considered a dead ball and the batter is **awarded** the base.

#### **Infield Fly Rule**

An infield fly is a fair fly ball (not a line drive or bunt) that, in the judgment of the umpire, can be caught by an infielder, pitcher, or catcher with ordinary effort and when there are runners on first and second or first, second, and third and less than two outs. When the umpire calls "infield fly" the batter is out, regardless of whether the ball is subsequently caught or dropped. The ball is live, and runners already on base may advance (at their own risk) if the ball is not caught or tag up and advance if it is caught.

On the infield fly rule, the umpire is to rule whether the ball could ordinarily have been handled by an infieldernot by some arbitrary limitation such as the grass, or the base lines. The umpire must rule also that a ball is an infield fly, even if handled by an outfielder, if, in the umpire's judgment, the ball could have been as easily handled by an infielder. The infield fly is in no sense to be considered an appeal play. The umpire's judgment must govern, and the decision should be made immediately.

#### **Fake Bunt Rule**

A batter can not show bunt then pull back and swing. Once a batter shows bunt they must attempt the bunt or pull back. If a player is deemed by the umpire to have faked the bunt and then attempted to hit the ball that player will be called out a dead ball will be called and runners will return to the last occupied base.

#### **Throwing of the Bat**

When a player throws the bat they and the rest of the team will be assessed a warning the next thrown bat will result in the batter being called out. Excessive thrown bats could lead to further discipline as determined by the plate umpire.

#### **SWI Head First Slide Rule**

A player may not slide going into a base head first, if that player completes a head first slide into any base they will be called out.

Players are allowed to slide head first back to the base without penalty (i.e. pickoff attempt)

#### **Extra Innings**

If a game is tied after the regulation number of innings are played then the tie breaker rule will be utilized.

Starting with the top of the first extra inning each team will start with no outs and the last person to make an out will start on  $2^{nd}$  base. This will continue until the game is completed or time limit reached. no extra innings for Pinto.

#### **Continuous Batting Order**

Continuous batting is when every player on your bench is inserted into the lineup. No alterations to the lineup can be made, but players can be freely substituted defensively throughout the game.

#### Player in-eligibility

An ineligible player is one who is an eligible player with a SWI organization, but who is ineligible to play or pitch in a particular game or games because of the limitations set forth in these rules and regulation or as a result of a previous rules violation or disciplinary action. In the event that the manager of an ineligible player does not remove the player from the line-up, the game will result in a forfeit. If an opposing manager does not appeal the use of the ineligible player during the game the game will stand as played.

Penalty for using an ineligible player shall be the forfeit of all games in which the ineligible player participated. If at the time of appeal it is deemed that a team is using an ineligible player(s) the player will be removed from the line-up and the manager will be removed from the game. The manager will also be ineligible to participate in the next scheduled game. The player will remain ineligible until the SWI board confirms eligibility. A second instances of using an ineligible player will result in the removal of the manager from SWI.

#### **Injury Rule**

When using continuous batting and a player is injured/ill you simply skip his/her spot in the lineup. You will not be charged with an out, but the player skipped is out for the entire game. He/She may not re-enter the line up at any time. (re-entry to the game is possible at the Mustang and Pinto levels.)

When using re-entry if a player is injured/ill and you have substitutes available you may sub a player in and reinsert the original player if able to play later in the game.

A mound visit to check on an injured pitcher will not count as a trip to the mound.

#### **Playing Time**

Each player **must** be allowed to have at least one at-bat per game and play at least six defensive outs during the regular season and playoffs. If a player is benched for the game it should be made aware to the opposing manager so no discussion or protests are made regarding the players time on the field. If a player is arriving late or arrives late the coach should inform the opposing manager if the player is available for the game.

#### Balls

The home team is responsible for supplying at least two new baseballs for each game.

#### **Number of Players**

During the regular season each team is required to have <u>8 players</u> to start the game. For playoffs the teams <u>must have 9 players</u> to start the game this applies to all levels. Towns have the right to take an out for the 9<sup>th</sup> player if the team only is playing with 8 only after the team has went through the lineup at least one time. i.e. team starts with 8, the first time the ninth batter spot comes up they are just skipped no out taken, if the batter position comes up again during the game the opposing team has the right to take an out.

#### Calendar Week

Runs from Monday to Sunday

#### **Special Pitching Note:**

One pitch equals one inning. as soon as the pitcher delivers one pitch to a batter he/she will be considered as having pitched one full inning.

#### Article 5

Regular Season Games

#### **Reporting Your Scores**

Teams should use the following email for reporting scores <u>Halasterb@comcast.net</u> <u>both the winning and losing</u> <u>team</u> should be reporting scores.

Failure to play 75% of your games will result in your team being excluded from the playoffs. A forfeit loss does not count as a game played.

Make sure the date the game was played and the original date of schedule if it's a make-up game is in your email.

# exp: game scheduled for 4/21 played on 5/22 Bedford Park 5 Crestwood 4 smith #22 3 innings jones #3 2 innings.

#### **Games**

All regular season games must be completed by 5pm on the last day of the current season.

All rescheduling of games must be done within 72 hours of the game being canceled. If managers cannot come up with a date within 72 hours SWI will schedule the date for the game.

#### **Final Standings**

Standings will be based on points not winning percentage

- 3 points for a win
- 1 point for a tie
- 0 points for a loss

#### **Playoff Schedules**

Every eligible team makes the playoffs(if they play 75% of their games). Locations will be listed on the website but may change if necessary.

Semi-Final and Championship Games will have no time limit. Mercy Rule is still in effect.

#### Article 6

Detailed Level Rules and Special Rules Applicable to All Levels

#### Required specifications per division for rain/lightning delays, time restrictions and games called for darkness

#### **Pinto**

- 3 full innings played is considered a full game.
- 2 ½ if home team is winning

#### Mustang

- 4 full innings played is considered a full game
- 3 ½ if home team is winning

#### **Bronco**

5 full innings played is considered a full game

4 ½ if home team is winning

#### Pony

5 full innings played is considered a full game

4 ½ if home team is winning

Special note: these specifications should also be used when determining slaughter rules, but the home team will always have last at bats.

#### Note there will be no slaughter rule for and Pinto

#### Bat Restrictions Baseball

- (2) In conjunction with USA Baseball and its other participating national member organizations, PONY Baseball has adopted the new USA Baseball bat standard (USABat). Effective January 1, 2018, with the exception of the -3 bat (BBCOR certified), all other 2-⅓ inch minus factor bats (-5, -7, -9, etc.) and 2-⅓" bats must be certified with the USABat licensing stamp on the bat in order to be used for league and tournament play. 2-⅓" BARREL bats are legal in all divisions of PONY Baseball except COLT 16U™, PALOMINO 18U™ and THOROBRED 23U™. 2-⅓" and 2-⅓ inch minus factor bats (-5, -7, -9, etc.) used in 2017 will be illegal to use in 2018.
- (3) 2-%" barrel bats are legal in all division of PONY Baseball. If a 2-%" bat is -3, it must be BBCOR certified (stamped on the bats). Effective January 1, 2018, all other minus factor bats (-5, -7, -9, etc.) Must be certified with USABat licensing mark stamped on the bat.
- (4) 2-3/4" barrel bats are prohibited in all divisions of PONY Baseball.
- (5) **COLT 16U<sup>™</sup>** and **PALOMINO 18U<sup>™</sup>** are only allowed to use 2-%" -3 BBCOR certified bats.

In the event that an illegal bat is used it will result in an out for the player using the bat and a warning to the manager. If this occurs a second time in the game it will result in an out for the player and an ejection for the manager

### Pinto Baseball

Age group: 7-8 year olds

Innings: 5

Bases: 60 feet

Mound: 38 feet

Drop Third Strike: Not Used

Infield Fly Rule: not used

Batting: a continuous batting order is used

Pitching: Before Memorial Day coaches will pitch the first and last inning, the kids will pitch the middle 3 innings. Maximum pitching is 2 innings per game for the pitcher and 6 total innings for the week. No re-entry can be used for pitching. Once removed the player is done pitching until the next game.

After Memorial Day coach will only pitch when there are 4 balls. Maximum pitching is 3 innings per game for the pitcher and 6 total innings for the week. No re-entry can be used for pitching. Once removed player is done pitching until the next game

Travel players can pitch throughout the year and in playoffs.

• 2 innings max per game combined

Stoppage in play: At the pinto level the play will stop once any player has control of the ball on the mound.

Base on Balls: If the count reaches four balls when the players are pitching the coach will come in and finish the at bat. There are no walks. The strike count remains until the batter either strikes out, hits into an out or gets on base.

Bunting: Not allowed

Stealing and Lead Offs: Not allowed

Slaughter Rule: None

Special Note: Teams shall not score more than five runs in any inning including the 5<sup>th</sup>; no extra innings will be played, games <u>can</u> end in a tie. All 5 innings should be completed if possible regardless of score, weather permitting.

Player will be awarded one base on the overthrow. Coaches should be aware of this and umpires are to be instructed that the players cannot continue to run on overthrows, unless played on.

When a coach is pitching a pitcher must have at least one foot in the circle, if no circle is drawn then they must be within 2 feet of the rubber.

# **Mustang Baseball**

Age group: 9-10 year olds

Innings: 6

Bases: 60 feet

Mound: 46 feet

Drop Third Strike: not used

Infield Fly Rule: yes

Batting: a continuous batting order is used

Pitching: maximum pitching is 3 innings in the same game. Each pitcher will only be allowed 8 innings in each calendar week. No re-entry can be used for pitching. Once removed player is done pitching until the next game.

Bunting: yes

Travel players can pitch throughout the year and in playoffs.

#### • 2 inning max per game combined

Stealing and Lead Offs: No lead offs, stealing is allowed once the ball has crossed the plate. A runner can only steal one base per attempt. There will be no advancement on an overthrow or misplay throw from the catcher.

Slaughter Rule: Yes when there is a 15 run lead after 3 innings, 12 run lead after 4 innings, 10 run lead after 5 innings have been played.

Dead Ball: play is considered dead once the pitcher has control of the ball on mound.

Special Note: no team can score more than 7 runs in an inning, if there are less than 3 outs when the 7<sup>th</sup> run is scored than the teams shall change sides.

#### **Bronco Baseball**

Age group: 11-12 year olds

Innings: 7

Bases: 70 feet

Mound: 50 feet

Drop Third Strike: Yes

Infield Fly Rule: Yes

Batting: a continuous batting order is used

Pitching: Pitchers are allowed to pitch in 4 consecutive innings maximum in a game. In addition each pitcher will only be allowed 10 innings in each calendar week. No re-entry can be used for pitching. Once removed player is done pitching until the next game.

Travel players can pitch throughout the year and in playoffs.

• 3 innings max per game combined

Bunting: Yes

Stealing and Lead Offs: Lead offs are allowed. Stealing is allowed anytime the ball is live.

Slaughter Rule: Yes when there is a 15 run lead after 3 innings, 12 run lead after 4 innings, 10 run lead after 5 innings, 8 run lead after 6 innings have been played.

Dead Ball: only on umpires direction; otherwise ball is always live.

Special Note: no team can score more than 7 runs in an inning, if there are less than 3 outs when the 7<sup>th</sup> run is scored than the teams shall change sides.

# **Pony Baseball**

Age group: 13-14 year olds

Innings: 7

Bases: 80 feet

Mound: 54 feet

Drop Third Strike: Yes

Infield Fly Rule: Yes

Batting: a continuous batting order is used

Pitching: pitchers will be allowed to pitch the full 7 innings and will only be allowed 14 innings in each calendar week. No re-entry can be used for pitching. Once removed player is done pitching until the next game.

Travel/High School players can pitch throughout the year and in playoffs.

• 3 innings max per game combined

Bunting: Yes

Metal Spikes: are allowed at this level

Stealing and Lead Offs: Lead offs are allowed. Stealing is allowed any time the ball is live.

Slaughter Rule: Yes when there is a 15 run lead after 3 innings, 12 run lead after 4 innings, 10 run lead after 5 innings, 8 run lead after 6 innings have been played.

#### This level requires two umpires per game

Dead Ball: Only on umpires direction otherwise ball is always live.

Special Note: no team can score more than 8 runs in an inning, if there are less than 3 outs when the 8<sup>th</sup> run is scored than the teams shall change sides.